

Technical Circular

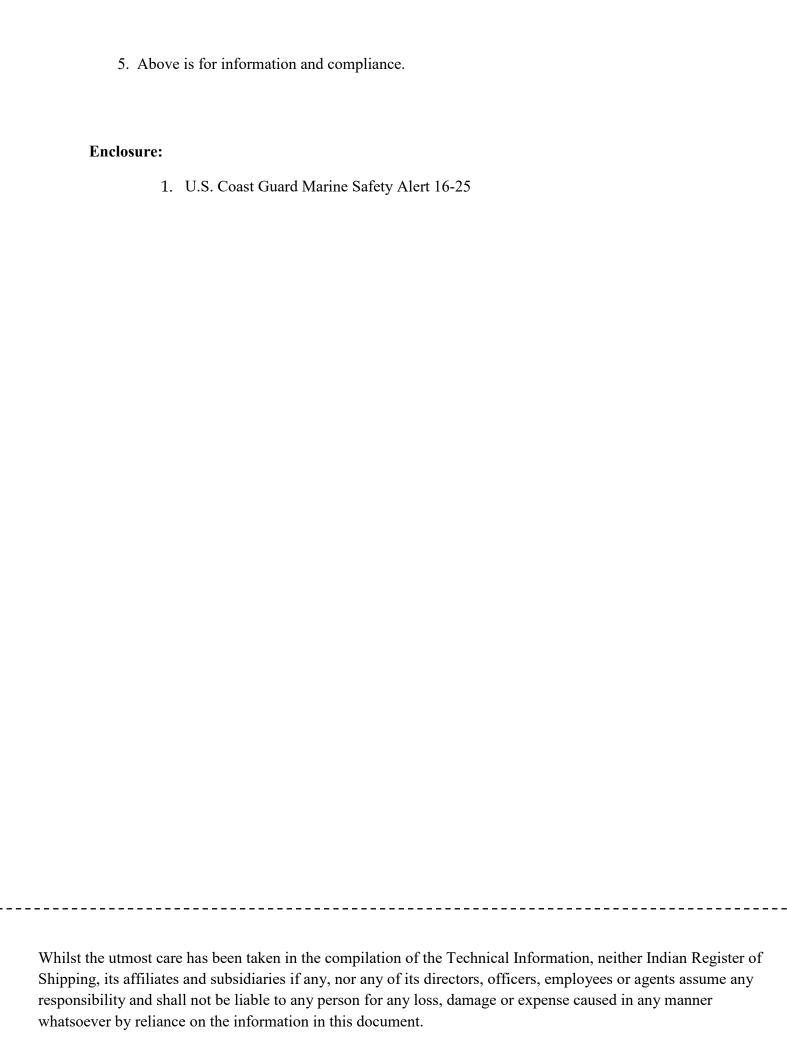
No.: 24/2025 Date: 13th August 2025

Subject: U.S Coast Guard Safety Alert addressing potential failures in high-pressure water mist nozzles due to corrosion.

- 1. U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) has issued Marine Safety Alert 16-25, addressing potential failures in high-pressure water mist nozzles due to corrosion (green patina build-up), and to advise operators to ensure proper inspection and maintenance prior to Port State Control (PSC) inspections in U.S. ports.
- 2. The safety alert was issued after multiple "HI-FOG" system high-pressure water mist nozzles (Marioff "a2000" series) failed to discharge water during a routine inspection of a fixed firefighting system aboard a foreign passenger vessel by USCG Port State Control Officers.
- 3. The investigation of above incident revealed that corrosion by green patina build-up had rendered the nozzles inoperable, even after the glass bulb actuator had broken as intended. The nozzle design relies on holding a standing pressure of 25 bar (363 PSI) and activating further to 140 bar (2,031 PSI) for full mist discharge. However, even after manually increasing the system pressure, as per manufacturer guidelines, the affected nozzles failed to release water.
- 4. In view of the above, the USCG has provided following guidelines to the owners, operators, technical managers and crew of the vessel:
 - a. Inspect all high-pressure water mist nozzles on board for corrosion or green patina particularly those over 10 years old or located in high-moisture environments (e.g., outer decks, galleys, spas, pool areas, and near exterior doors).
 - b. Review crew training procedures to ensure personnel responsible for firefighting equipment are able to identify signs of nozzle corrosion during routine maintenance or walk-throughs.
 - c. Conduct additional inspections, if necessary, beyond scheduled maintenance intervals particularly in high-risk areas.
 - d. Consult the manufacturer (Marioff) for guidance if corrosion or malfunction is found. Replace nozzles as needed.
 - e. Be aware that increasing system pressure to 140 bars may not always restore nozzle functionality, even when recommended by the manufacturer.
 - f. This Safety Alert is intended for awareness and does not supersede any statutory or regulatory requirements.



- . This Technical Circular and the material contained in it is provided only for the purpose of supplying current information to the reader and not as an advice to be relied upon by any person.
- . While we have taken utmost care to be as factual as possible, readers/ users are advised to verify the exact text and content of the Regulation from the original source/ issuing Authority.





UNITED STATES COAST GUARD

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

MARINE SAFETY ALERT

Inspections and Compliance Directorate

July 25, 2025 Washington, DC Safety Alert 16-25

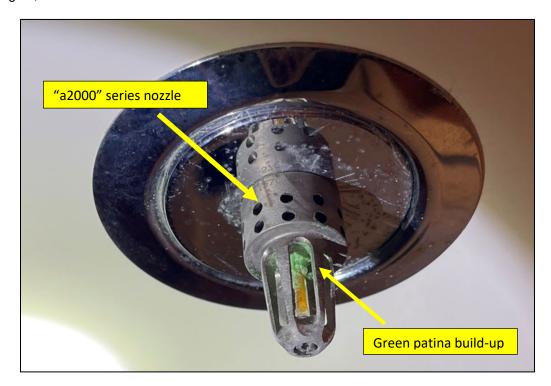
LOOKOUT FOR GREEN PATINA BUILD-UP ON HIGH PRESSURE WATER MIST NOZZLES

While witnessing routine testing of a fixed firefighting system during an annual exam aboard a foreign passenger vessel, the Coast Guard discovered multiple high-pressure water mist nozzles that were incapable of discharging water. Consequently, the firefighting system failed to activate in multiple accommodation spaces. Upon expanding the examination, Port State Control Officers determined that the highpressure water mist nozzles in question were manufactured by Marioff ("a2000" series) as part of the "HI-FOG" system. The accumulation of green patina on the nozzles, a sign of corrosion, rendered them unable to release water after the glass bulb broke.



The high-pressure water mist nozzles are designed to hold the standard line pressure of 25 bars (363 PSI). When the glass bulb thermal acuator (shown in the photo above) reaches a certain temperature, it breaks, activating the release mechanism which allows water to flow through the nozzle at the standing pressure (International Maritime Organization [IMO] Resolution A.800(19)). The system then senses the drop in pressure and activates the high-pressure pumps which increases the pressure to 140 bars (2,031 PSI). This increased pressure is required for the system to achieve an effective release of water in a mist form.

The manufacturer, Marioff, released a Service Bulletin (001/2012) and Quality Bulletin (002/2012), which originated due to failures of the "a1000" series nozzles. The bulletins describe the same failure as that noted on the "a2000" series during the recent examination and includes recommended actions that apply to both the "a1000" and "a2000' series nozzles. Marioff recommends that if a nozzle fails to release at the standing pressure of 25 bars after the glass bulb is broken, the high-pressure pumps must be manually energized to raise the pressure to 140 bars. Doing so will activate the release mechanism allowing water to flow through the nozzle. During the examination the Coast Guard witnessed this recommended action and observed that raising the pressure of the system to the recommended 140 bars did not activate the release mechanism of the nozzles as expected. Thus, in this case, the actions recommended by Marioff in Service Bulletin (001/2012) and Quality Bulletin (002/2012) did not raise the system pressure sufficiently to activate the release mechanisms for the nozzles.



The Coast Guard **strongly recommends** the following actions for vessel owners, operators, and compliance personnel:

- Evaluate whether training for crew members responsible for firefighting system maintenance and compliance walkthroughs adequately covers the inspection of high-pressure water mist nozzles for green patina corrosion.
- Conduct an inspection of all high-pressure water mist nozzles across the vessel to identify any potential issues and consider whether more frequent inspections are necessary. Sprinklers with the highest risk of corrosion include sprinklers more than 10 years old and those located in high moisture and corrosive atmospheres. Areas of high moisture could include outer decks, spas, pool areas, galleys, or even normal passenger and crew areas close to external doors. Review the manufacturer's service and quality bulletins for more information.
- Contact the manufacturer if any signs of green patina build-up are observed on high-pressure water mist nozzles and consider replacing the affected nozzles.

This Safety Alert is provided for informational purposes only and does not relieve any domestic or international safety, operational, or material requirement. Developed by Marine Safety Unit Port Canaveral and distributed by the Office of Investigations and Casualty Analysis. Questions may be sent to HQS-SMB-CG-INV@uscg.mil.